

NOISELESS TOWN IS POLICE EDICT

Maj. Sylvester Issued the Orders Last Night.

CATS WILL BE CHOKED

Backyard Serenades and the "Growler" Are Doomed.

Even Crying Babies Must Be Ready with Good Excuses or Arrests May Be Their Portion at the Hands of the Bicycle Squad of This Noiseless-town-to-be—Hard on Milk Wagons and Other Vehicles.

THE SAVING OF THE NERVES.

Oh, Molly, dear, and did you hear the news that's gone 'round? They're bound to make this Capital into a noiseless town! The babies don't cry at night, nor late sleepers keep, and when the dark gives way to dawn the sparrows must not chirp.

The coppers have their orders now straight from Sylvester's pen—A stern word must not be heard within a block of the city.

Determined to put Washington on a par with Annapolis, Alexandria, and the Heights of Waverly and Lonesomehurst, to have the Capital City of the nation rival the stillness of the fastnesses of Annapolis Island and the baseball park when the diamond is covered with a mass of water, Maj. Sylvester yesterday issued orders to his trusty lieutenants to send out new details of men to see to it that the District of Columbia is a noiseless town during the hours of the night.

Cats May Be Choked.

When a cat startles the sleeper from his pillow, the offending animal will promptly be choked, muffled, and arrested by the bicycle policemen who are detailed to guard the sacred hours for sleep. No more can the feline "jag" while away the hours as he wends his unsteady way homeward with a rollicking snatch of song, stilled will be the rumble of milk wagons, bread wagons, and other vehicles that out of necessity must traverse the streets of the sleeping city in the early hours of the morning.

ROADS FIGHT 8-HOUR LAW

Two Companies Sue to Enjoin Commerce Commission.

Declare that the Act of Congress of March 4, 1907, is Unconstitutional.

Philadelphia, July 25.—The Pennsylvania and Lehigh Valley Railroad companies to-day filed a bill in equity in the United States Circuit Court praying for an injunction to restrain the Interstate Commerce Commission from taking any further proceedings in pursuance of their order of March 2, 1908, to enforce the act of Congress of March 4, 1907, which was intended to effect March 4, 1908, entitled "an act to promote the safety of employees and travelers on railroads by limiting the hours of service of employees thereon."

This suit stands upon the fourth and fifth amendments to the Constitution of the United States, which prohibits unreasonable searches and seizures of persons, houses, papers, and effects without warrant upon probable cause, supported by oath or affirmation; and also prohibits any process compelling any person in a criminal case to be a witness against himself, or depriving any person of life, liberty, or property without due process of law.

Orders Are Distributed.

When the new orders were distributed at the station-houses last night, there was more than one mounted man who scratched his head in perplexed fashion when he came to that part pertaining to the keeping down of "unnecessary noises."

The sentiment of most of the men was voiced by one of unmistakable Irish-American descent, who said: "Faith, and how shall I know when the howling of a cat or the creaking of a wagon is necessary or not?"

Active After Nightfall.

These details will be especially active after nightfall, with a view of keeping down disorder, preventing excessive speeding, and other violations of the bicycle and motor regulations, and keeping down

WEATHER FORECAST.

For the District of Columbia, Maryland, and Virginia—Showers to-day and to-morrow; light to fresh easterly winds.

HERALD NEWS SUMMARY.

- Pages. TELEGRAPHIC. 1—Norman Mack Democratic Chairman. 2—Hearst Reaches Cincinnati. Is a Hero. 3—Hearst Not a Candidate. 4—Panic in Philadelphia Theater. 5—Railroads Fight New Law. 6—Bonnie May Lead Rebels. 7—Dead Girl's Friends Hoot Police. 8—Turks Doubt Sultan's Sincerity. 9—Lord Cromer Fears War with Germany. 10—Leaders Do Not Write to Hughes. 11—Hitchock Sees Leaders in Chicago.

LOCAL.

- 1—Sylvester Orders Noiseless Town. 2—West Point Cadets Are Dismissed. 3—Welcome Planned for Riflemen. 4—Epidemic of Thievery Continues. 5—Telegraph Operator Victim of Robbers. 6—National Guard Goes into Camp. 7—President Rebukes Court-martial. 8—Boy Starts for Fortune on Wheel. 9—Judge Bentley Dies in Maine. 10—Criticism on the Handling of Milk.

TWO-STEP APPROVED.

Congress of Dancing Teachers Likes "Hiawatha" Glide.

Berlin, July 25.—The two-step was accorded a place of special honor at the first international congress of dancing teachers, which opened here this week.

An American dancing master gave an opening lesson to the congress by initiating a large international class into the mysteries of the two-step, to the strains of "Hiawatha."

"WET" BY ONLY ONE VOTE.

Georgetown, Ky., Has an Exciting Time in Election.

Georgetown, Ky., July 25.—In one of the most exciting local option elections in the history of this city yesterday, in the principal distilling region of Central Kentucky, the "wets" won the victory by a majority of one vote.

Women and children took part in a canvass of voters, marching through the streets singing hymns and buttonholing prospective voters.

VISITS OIL KING'S FRIEND.

Judge Grosscup Guest of Henry W. Bishop, Millionaire.

Pittsfield, Mass., July 25.—Judge Peter S. Grosscup, chief justice of the United States Circuit Court of Appeals of Chicago, who reversed the \$2,000,000 fine imposed by Judge Landis on the Standard Oil Company, arrived here this evening. He is visiting with Henry W. Bishop, the Chicago millionaire. Bishop is one of the best friends socially of the Standard Oil king, John D. Rockefeller.

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The petition which the two railroad companies, through their attorney, John G. Johnson, presented to the court, alleges that the order of the Interstate Commerce Commission is that the two companies should, within thirty days, each make a detailed report of all interstate commerce employees, employees of the railroads, had been on duty for longer periods than the time prescribed by the act of Congress or had not laid off for the number of hours prescribed by the act.

"BROTHER CHARLEY" ASPIRES.

Ohio Editor Said to Be a Candidate for the Senate.

New York, July 25.—Charles P. Taft, the "Brother Charley" who has financed W. H. Taft's Presidential campaign, is a candidate for the United States Senate, according to a Cincinnati special to the New York World.

Not Joseph B. Foraker, the special said, nor Theodore E. Burton, nor Gov. Harris, nor former Gov. Herrick is to be the Senator from Ohio.

It Is to Be Charles P. Taft.

He, the man who has raised the funds to place his brother in the Presidential chair, has not yet openly announced his ambition. It is known only to his personal friends; not even the politicians have been taken into his confidence.

But the Senatorship is to be his reward if any one except Foraker is to be returned by the next legislature.

Baltimore and Return, \$1.25.

Baltimore and Ohio R. R. Co. Every Saturday and Sunday. All trains, both ways, both days, except Royal Limited. City offices, Mt. G. st. and City Hall.

200,000 Feet Edge Grain Georgia

Flooring now on hand. Libbey & Co.

TAFT PULLS BABY FROM UNDER CARS

Ohioan Saves Life on Reaching Cincinnati.

GREETED BY BROTHER

Senator Foraker Will Not Be There Tuesday.

Roosevelt's Opponent Writes He Will "Be Out of the State"—Some Question as to Harmony at Opening of Campaign in the Commonwealth—Democrats Decline to Take Part in Notification Day Exercises.

Cincinnati, July 25.—Candidate William H. Taft jumped into the hero stakes the first thing after his arrival here this afternoon.

The train shed was crowded with passengers. Taft, just after he left the train, chanced to see a fair-haired two-year-old tot fall from the vestibule steps of a Baltimore and Ohio Southwestern train, about to pull out, and even before her mother saw it, Taft had rushed over and had the little one safe in his arms. He risked slipping under the wheels. But for his promptness, the child would probably have rolled under the wheels of the departing train. The mother waved her thanks as the porter assisted them up the steps.

Foraker Will Not Attend.

Senator Joseph Benson Foraker will not attend the Taft notification here next Tuesday. This notice has been received from the Senator's private secretary by Robert R. Reynolds, chairman of the citizens' committee.

Dear Sir: I write to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 21st instant addressed to Senator Foraker, inviting him to attend the ceremonies to be held in Cincinnati on Tuesday, July 28, for the office of President of the United States on July 28, and say that, on account of absence from the State, it will not be possible for him to be present.

Thanking you for your kind remembrance of him, I remain, very truly yours, S. G. CHENOWETH.

The invitation which Senator Foraker has declined is said to have been sent indirectly by Mr. Taft himself. Two sets of invitations were sent out by the citizens' committee, one set to the governors of all the States, regardless of their political complexion, and the other set upon the suggestion of the candidate himself or his advisers. It is supposed that the Foraker invitation was in the latter class. Mr. Foraker is at Bar Harbor, Me., at present.

Why Foraker Wants Peace.

Ohio Republicans will tell you that Foraker wants peace, as a matter of self-preservation, at least, until after the legislature is elected. That may be true, but things don't look very promising in the harmony line just now, and there may be some dynamite in the meeting of the Republican State central committee here on Monday.

One of the things that will probably come up at that meeting will be the question of speakers at the opening meeting of the campaign in Youngstown on September 5.

Gov. Hughes has already accepted an invitation to deliver the chief address of the occasion, but there is a difference of opinion as to whether Senator Foraker is going to be there or not.

The State central committee, it seems, reserves the right to name the speakers for the opening meeting of the campaign, but somebody down at Youngstown, it is said, went ahead and invited Senator Foraker, anyhow. The question now is will the State central or executive committee send Mr. Foraker an invitation. The belief here now is that some sort of assurance will be forthcoming that he will not attack the Roosevelt policies.

Taft Also Will Attend.

Mr. Taft himself will attend the meeting of the State central committee but not probably when any question of the Youngstown meeting is up. Mr. Taft intends to outline to the committee his plans for the campaign in Ohio, and to get from the committee men in turn their views on the conditions in the different parts of the State.

As a result of the visit of Gov. Wilson, of Kentucky, and ex-Gov. Bradley, of the same State, at the notification exercises on Tuesday, the Taft managers hope to wipe out the ill-feeling between the two men and put Kentucky in line for a Republican victory again.

Mr. Taft's entrance into his home city was as quiet and unostentatious as could be. It was the request of the candidate that no fuss should be made over his homecoming this time. There were a few hundred persons at the station, but they contented themselves with a cheer or two. One of the first things that struck the candidate's eye as he left the train was a huge lithograph of himself fastened to one of the iron gates in the station and surrounded by American flags.

No Place Like Home.

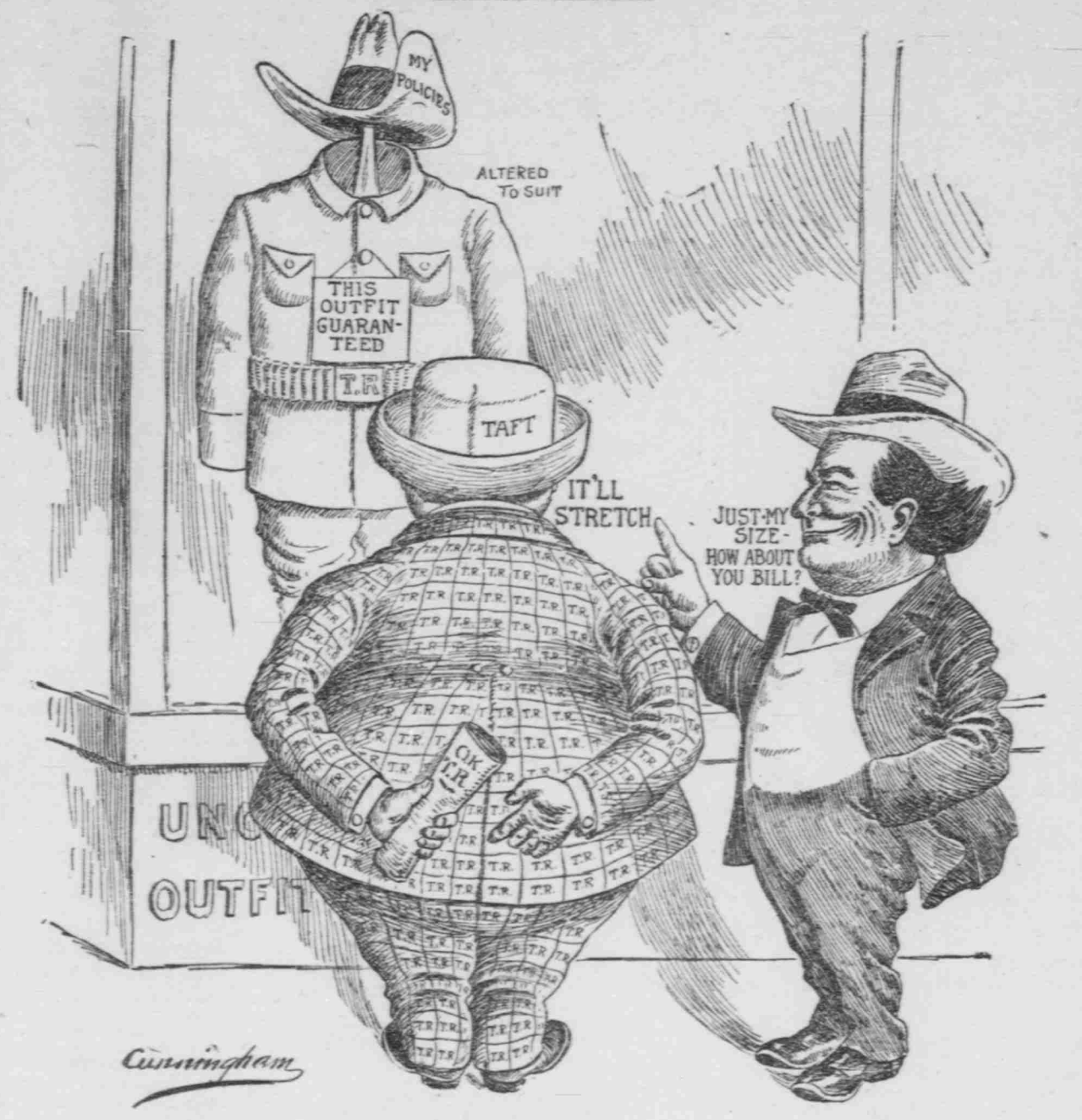
Above the picture was this motto: "There is no place like home."

Mr. Taft emphasized the sentiment by greeting almost everybody in sight by his first name. He seemed to know them all. Baggage huffers, cabbies, and trainmen all came in for a word.

Charles P. Taft, the candidate's brother, met him at the train, and the two were driven at once to the brother's home on Pike street, where the notification speech will be delivered on Tuesday.

Mr. Taft was pretty tired after his trip from New York. It was 1:30 o'clock in the afternoon when he got in, and he spent the rest of the day resting, except for an automobile drive in the evening. The trip to Cincinnati from New York was practically without incident. Some comment was caused by the fact that

WHICH WILL IT FIT?



HEARST DECLINES TO BE CANDIDATE

Repeats Declaration He Will Not Enter Race.

STILL EXPECTS THIRD TICKET

Does Not Think Independence Party Will Indorse Either Bryan or Roosevelt—Leaves New York for West Soon After Arrival from Europe—Chairman of Convention.

New York, July 25.—Repeating his flat-footed declaration that he would not be a candidate for the Presidency, W. R. Hearst arrived from Europe to-day on the Cunard liner Lucania, to prepare for the national convention of the Independence Party, to be held in Chicago on Tuesday next.

With Mr. Hearst were his wife, her sister, Mrs. Anita Tovey, and their mother, Mrs. George Wilson. They were all at breakfast when the revenue officer Hudson put a little squad of newspaper men on board the liner a short distance above Quarantine. After breakfast, Mr. Hearst greeted the newspaper men cordially, and when asked for an interview said he would see them a few minutes later.

"I haven't been in the closest possible touch with the political situation," said Mr. Hearst later, "and I should like to know what has happened, especially during the past week, during which time I have been almost entirely out of touch with conditions here, before venturing opinions."

Leaves for Chicago.

Mr. Hearst was pressed for an immediate interview that the evening newspapers might print it.

He answered with a laugh that if the Lucania were making its way up the bay very late in the day the evening newspapers would then most assuredly have to do without the interview.

"Is there any probability in your opinion," Mr. Hearst was asked, "that the Independence League may indorse either the Republican or the Democratic candidate?"

"The sentiment before I left here," was the answer, "was for a third ticket. If there is any sentiment now for an indorsement of either the Republican or Democratic candidate I, for one, do not know of it. I have heard of no change in the sentiment."

"If the sentiment of the Independence League convention of this year should be shown very clearly to be unanimously for your nomination as the party candidate for the Presidency, would you accept the nomination?"

"I cannot," came the reply quickly and with a decisive emphasis. "I have given my word under no circumstances will I be a candidate. I have given my word, and I will abide by it."

"Does that pledge hold good for future years? For 1912, for instance, as well as for this year?"

Mr. Hearst laughed as he answered: "You have been going into my past, and here now you proceed into my future. I think that any thing further from me to-day must be included in the arrangement I have already made."

Mr. Hearst was asked whether he will consent to accept the temporary chairmanship of the convention of the Independence League, and said: "I will do all I can to aid the cause."

Asked if he would make a statement in regard to the recount of the mayoralty campaign in which he was a candidate, Mr. Hearst said he had nothing to add to the statement he gave out a very short while ago.

In regard to the communication said to have passed between himself and Mr. Davidson anti-Bailey.

511 Niagara Falls Excursion, July 31.

Special train standard coaches and parlor cars from Washington 1:45 a. m., going via Philadelphia and Lehigh Valley route. Liberal stopovers returning. Tickets good returning within fifteen days. Cheap side trips from Niagara. (Other dates August 14 and 28, September 11, October 2.)

Continued on Page 8, Column 7.

MISSIONARY HITS MAN.

Says Act Is Revenge for Insult to Woman Now in Africa.

Charlotteville, Va., July 25.—R. W. Holstinger, vice president of Charlottesville's city council, was attacked in his studio last evening by Dr. J. S. Derr, of Boston.

Dr. Derr is a missionary, and has been working in South Africa. He lately returned, and received a letter from a woman in South Africa who says she was rudely treated by Holstinger while in his studio. He came to demand an explanation.

Holstinger says he was attacked from the rear and without cause.

Dr. Derr refuses to give the name of the young woman, and declares that he first smacked Holstinger, the fight following. Both men were arrested and bailed for court. The affair has created a sensation.

NO WEDDING BELLS FOR HER

Julia Fleming Unable to Keep Engagement with Mr. McCabe.

Bail for \$5,000 Not Forfeiting in Case of Woman Accused of Libelling Frank Gould.

New York, July 25.—Julia Fleming, who has confessed that she was in a scheme to manufacture false testimony against Frank J. Gould in the suit for divorce brought against him by his wife, was not married to-day.

The principal reason was that she was not able to get bail.

It has been understood that the bail of \$5,000 would be reduced with the consent of the district attorney, but this was not done.

She said that she was against being married in the Tombs, and that her prospective husband, Richard McCabe, who is employed by the Fuller Construction Company, was doing all he could to get bail for her.

CAMPBELL WINS IN TEXAS.

Governor Gets 75,000 Majority on Tax Reform Record.

Dallas, Tex., July 25.—The general Democratic primary election in Texas to-day resulted in an overwhelming victory for Gov. Campbell and his tax-reform administration.

With a total vote of probably 35,000, he is conceded to-night to have won a re-nomination by 75,000 majority over R. R. Williams, the candidate of the reactionaries.

The legislative candidates nominated are in harmony with the administration by a large majority. The meaning of Campbell's victory is that the insurance, anti-bucket shop, corporation, and various taxation measures passed by the last legislature have been indorsed and are on the statute books of the State to stay.

The question of submitting a State-wide prohibition amendment to the constitution to a vote of the people appears at this time to have carried by a good majority, but returns are not complete enough to make positive estimate.

DR. FERNANDO GUNSHALLA, OF BOLIVIA, PASSES AWAY.

La Paz, Bolivia, July 25.—Fernando Gunshalla, once minister from this republic to the United States, and who was elected to the presidency May 4 last, died here to-day, after a brief illness.

Notice to Gas Consumers.

The pressure in the gas mains will be materially reduced on Sunday, July 26, between 9 a. m. and 11 a. m. for the purpose of making connections at the corner of New Jersey avenue and C st. n. w. Washington Gas Light Company.

The Bottom Has Dropped Out

Of lumber prices. Libbey & Co.

FIRE CRY STARTS PANIC IN THEATER

False Alarm Causes Mad Break for Exits.

QUAKE AUDIENCE IN RUSH

Boys and Girls Fight for Chance to Get Down Ladder that Was Not in Position—Car Conductor's Quick Wit Saves Disaster at the People's Theater—Terror in Street.

Philadelphia, July 25.—Panic stricken by a false alarm of fire originating in a fight between two boys in the gallery, 2,700 persons in the People's Theater, at Cumberland street and Kensington avenue, to-night fought in mad frenzy to reach the doors. For a few minutes the audience went wild. Screaming in their fear, men, women, and children on the first floor made a rush for the entrance and exits. No less terrified, the persons in the balcony and gallery crowded toward the fire-escapes.

The first to reach the escapes ran half-stumbling down the narrow iron stairways. They were men and boys, and when they reached the last platform, ten feet above the ground, their weight sufficed to bear down the heavy weight which held the iron steps suspended.

Car Conductor's Quick Wit. But before those who followed them, the women and girls, reached the platform the ladder had again swung back into place, and the weight of the girls was not sufficient to bring it again to the ground. Hesitating to jump, while the crowds pressed from behind, they were in danger of being pushed off, until Walter Clark, conductor on a Cumberland street car, saw the trouble, and bringing his car to a stop, ran to the fire escape and hoisted the weight, which left the ladder down again to the ground.

That no one was killed probably is due to the prompt action of Manager Williams. Grasping the situation, he at once stage the actors to go on the stage. Eleven of the performers, clad in stage costume, came before the curtain and began to sing. Hearing the sound of the voices, those in the rear of the stage halted and turned around. Then realizing that the danger, if it had existed, was over, they returned to their seats and the panic was quelled.

Terror in the Street.

While the danger inside the theater lasted only three or four minutes, the street outside the place soon became filled with parents and relatives of persons who had gone to the performance. Weeping and screaming women crowded to the door of the playhouse in their efforts to enter. The panic occurred shortly after 8 o'clock while the first number of the performance was on. The bill was a combination of vaudeville and moving pictures.

In the gallery two boys became engaged in an argument and one of them threw his opponent into the lap of a woman sitting near. Startled, she cried "fight." That was the signal. Mistaking her cry a person near yelled "fire." The panic ensued. Many children were bruised, but none seriously hurt.

PRESIDENT-ELECT DIES.

Dr. Fernando Gunshalla, of Bolivia, Passes Away.

La Paz, Bolivia, July 25.—Fernando Gunshalla, once minister from this republic to the United States, and who was elected to the presidency May 4 last, died here to-day, after a brief illness.

Senor Gunshalla Was to Have Assumed the Presidency in Succession to President Montes on August 14.

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MACK NAMED

New Yorker Is Democratic National Chairman.

MR. BRYAN IS PLEASED

Gov. Haskell, of Oklahoma, Selected Treasurer.

UREY WOODSON SECRETARY

Peace Caps Meeting of Big Party Leaders in Chicago—Tammany Hall Surrenders to the Nebraskan. Means that Murphy Will Keep Hands Off During This Fall. Real Victory Falls to William J. Conners, of Buffalo—Conference Is Productive of Results.

Chairman of the Democratic National Committee—Norman E. Mack, of New York, editor of the Buffalo Times. Vice chairman—T. L. Hall, of Nebraska, personal representative of William J. Bryan. Treasurer—Gov. C. N. Haskell, of Oklahoma. Secretary—Urey Woodson, of Kentucky, editor of the Owensboro Express. Sergeant-at-arms—Col. John L. Martin, of St. Louis.

Chicago, July 25.—Behind the selection of the officials of the Democratic National Committee who will manage the campaign of Bryan and Kern, is the story of a twelve-hour struggle that for a time threatened to result in internal strife that would have again arrayed the East against the West and made the internal strife of 1896 seem insignificant in comparison.

But to-night peace reigns. Charles F. Murphy, head of Tammany Hall; William J. Conners, chairman of the New York State committee, and William J. Bryan have buried all differences, and conciliation is to be the watchword.

Murphy Surrenders.

Murphy surrendered to Bryan. The surrender was conditional and means that the Democratic chieftain will "keep hands off in New York" this fall.

The real fruits of the victory go to Conners. He is recognized as the real leader of the Democracy of the Empire State, and he will have all of the assistance possible from Bryan and Mack in maintaining the fight there. And he and Murphy will select the State ticket to be nominated this fall without any outside dictation.

When Bryan arrived here this morning he had five names that he suggested to the subcommittee of the candidates for the position of chairman.

Included Lamb.

They were Mack; Judge Wade, of Iowa; John H. Atwood, of Kansas; John E. Lamb, of Indiana, and Thomas Ryan, of Wisconsin.

With the exception of Mack, all were quickly put out of the running. Mack was Bryan's first choice, but it was made plain to the candidates that there was serious objection to him from his own State.

In Erie County, where he lives, he had fought Conners, and his opposition was of such a nature that it had split the party there.

Then, Murphy, of Tammany, did not care for him, because he had refused in the past to work with the New York City organization, and had held out two years ago against the nomination of William R. Hearst for governor by the Democrats.

Charge Against Mack.

The direct charge was made in the conference, which was secret, that if Mack was given the position the Eastern Democrats would get together and oppose the election of the national ticket. Mack indignantly denied this.

On motion of Committeeman Brady, of Oklahoma, the matter was held open, and Mack went to the long-distance telephone and called Conners at Buffalo. What passed between the two men is a secret.

Then Murphy was called. This conference was unsatisfactory. It was finally broken off, and Mack reported to Bryan that the leader of Tammany was not satisfied. Other names were then considered for the position, among them being Daniel J. Campau, of Michigan, and Ollie James, of Kentucky. There was real opposition to both, and the matter resolved itself back to Mack.

Finally Mack again called Murphy and conversed with him. After a time he called Bryan to the telephone, and the subject was canvassed between the two men. Then Bryan, Kern, and Mack went into conference, and shortly afterward it was announced that Mack had been selected.

No Objection to Mack.

The rumor was at once set on foot that Bryan and Murphy had reached an agreement, and this was in part confirmed. Mack was asked: "Is your election satisfactory to Murphy and Conners?"

"We consulted the New York leaders, and they have no objection to my serving," he replied.

After the selection of Mack, the naming of other officials was an easy task, and the committee adjourned until 8 o